





MINISTRY OF MAHAWELI, AGRICULUTRE, IRRIGATION AND RURAL DEVELOPMENT

FINANCED BY THE WORLD BANK

CLIMATE SMART IRRIGATED AGRICULTURE PROJECT (CSIAP)

SOCIAL SCREENING REPORT FOR REPAIRS OF NAWGATHEGAMA
AGRARIAN SERVICE CENTRE MODERNIZATION & DIGITALIZATION
(CIVIL WORK) AT NAWAGATHTHEGAMA DS DIVISION IN PUTTLAM
DISTRICT



Submission
Deputy Project Director Office of the CSIAP
North Western Province
11 - Dec - 2019

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Abbreviation

ARAP Abbreviated Resettlement Action Policy ARPA Agriculture Research and Production

ASC Agrarian Service Centre

CBO Community Based Organization

CKD Chronic Kidney Disease

CSIAP Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project
DAD Department of Agrarian Development

DSD Divisional Secretariat Divisions

FGD Focus Group Discussion FO Farmer Organization

GAP Good Agricultural Practices
GBV Gender Based Violence
GND Grama Niladhari Division
GOSL Government of Sri Lanka

GRC Grievance Redressal Committee

HAS Hot Spot Areas

ICT Information and Communication Technology

IEC Information and Education Campaign

KII Key Informant Interview

LKR Lanka Rupee

MOH Medical Officer of Health

PG Producer Group

PMU Project Management Unit

SA Social Audit

SIA Social Impact Assessment SITHAMU Sinhala Tamil and Muslim SMP Social Management Plan

SP Southern Province

SSR Social Screening Report

WB World Bank

WFO Women Farmer Organization WHH Woman Headed Household

Social Screening Report: Repairs of Nawagaththegama Agrarian Service Centre at Nawagaththegama DS Division in Puttalam District.

1. Project Description

Name of Sub	Repairs of Nawagaththegama Agrarian Service Centre at						
project:	Nawagaththegama DS Division in Puttalam District.						
Geographical	Province: North Western						
coverage and	District: Puttalam						
location of the	DS Division: Nawagaththegama DSD						
Subproject ASC: Nawagaththegama Agrarian Service Centre							
	Located GND: 190 Nawagaththegama						
	Location Map:						
	- III a						
	Galgamuw						
	Wewa						
	Balasooriya Motors Na wa gattegama						
	Post Office Nawagaththegama Nawagaththegama Nawagaththegama Nawagaththegama Nawagaththegama Nawagaththegama Nawagaththegama						
	Next Manufacturing (1920)						
	Anamaduwa Divisional Secretariat Nawagaththegama And Heart						
	B19 Minidu Guest						
	Ihala Aldth Wewa						
	<u> </u>						
	O Map iter Google						
Nature of the sub	It is mainly a rehabilitation works of Nawagaththegama ASC.						
project:							
Size/ scale/ Cost	Rs. 9, 829, 556.14						
of the Sub Project							
Project	Department of Agrarian Development, Puttalam which is the						
implementing	implementing agency. DAD with its network of officials based in the						
agency:	ASCs directly involved in implementing the subproject. Similarly, the						
	staffs of the CSIAP based in national to divisional level will also involve						
	in different stages of the implementation process appropriately. It is						
	expected that all the service providing agencies such as Department						
Agriculture, coconut development board etc. will also support							
	implement the subproject effectively. From the community side, FOs,						
	agriculture committee associated with the ASCs, WFOs will also						
	contribute to implement the project. Similarly, the farmers in general will						

					ا سید . پی		
	support to implement the project by tolerating the difficulties that would						
Specific objective and beneficiaries of the sub project:	 For the ASC to function in the CSIA Project area as a sophisticated, modernized well-furnished and a resourceful one stop service center catering to present and future needs of farming community in order to increase their livelihood, income and agriculture productivity. 						
	9284. Also, women	• Total number of male beneficiaries 9012 and female beneficiaries 9284. Also, women from all committees namely FOs, WFOs, and all women in the farming society also will benefit.					
Sub Project Descriptions:	reinforcement, brice plumbing, ceiling, carpentry and joine • Construction of guar • Wash room construction	reinforcement, brickwork, water proofing, paviour, roofing, roof plumbing, ceiling, plastering, painting, door and windows, carpentry and joinery, electrical installation) Construction of guard room, Wash room construction, Repair of sales centre, c					
Land Acquisition	The proposed subproject of	does not involv	e land acquis	ition.			
Subproject Justification	 The purpose of the project is functioning the ASC as a sophisticated, modernized well-furnished and a resourceful one stop service center catering to present and future needs of farming community in order to increase their livelihood, income and agriculture productivity. ASC office of the Nawagaththegama is the main service provider for farming communities living in Nawagaththegama DSD. Major activities and services provided by the ASC are supplying inputs for agriculture such as fertilizer, seeds and planting materials, financial loans, agro chemicals, etc. Officers working directly in ASC are (DO, De.O, AI's APRA's) and other field officers. But they have not enough spaces to work due to inadequate space of ASC. Currently there is no sales center. Sanitary and waiting room 						
General Profile of	eral Profile of						
the Community	Name of the GND	Number of GND	Total Number of Families	Total Numb er Farme rs	Total Number of WHH Families		
	Moragahawewa	643	230	127	65		
	Mahamaddhawa	643/1	464	431	40		
	Kirimatiyawa	644	541	221	70		

	Rambakanayagama	644/1	418	180	32
	Maha Andarawewa	644/1	253	105	102
	Miyallewa	644/3	405	160	48
	Koonkadawala	645	408	299	80
	Iginimitiya (East)	645/1	420	287	54
	Iginimitiya (East)	645/1	438	388	60
	Mullegama	645/3	367	133	41
	Gedarawewa	645/4	161	19	75
	Thammannawetiya	646	324	189	75
	Welewewa(North)	646/1	329	242	50
	Welewewa(South)	646/2	381	269	10
	Samurdhigama	646/3	252	186	35
	Amunuwewa	647	142	198	38
	Kelewewa	647/1	254	121	52
	Tharanagahawewa	647/2	228	253	06
	Kuruluwewa	647/3	280	182	35
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	e profile from N		
	300.	ice. Resourc	e prome from N	nawagatii	egania Do
Primary	Agriculture is the primary	livelihood o	of the communi	tv.	
Occupation of the	Source: Resource profile, I			-	riat
community	Source: Resource prome;	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	211101211	ar occieta	
Nature of the land	I am d of the action a ACC of		DAD ACC 100	مالاندرية الممارية	
ownership for the	and processes underutilize		_	_	
subproject	will not have any risk of lack of lands for the activities of the subproject.				
	Accordingly, subproject activities can be implemented without making				
	any harm to people living adjacent to the ASC. Issues in resettlement will				
	not arise.				
Land ownership	Deed 4797.67ha				
pattern of people					
in the area (Ex:) ha			
squatters,	Total paddy land: 2781.99				
titleholders,		<u> </u>	На		
	Crop				
tenants)?	Paddy		2781.99		
	Vegetable		234		
	Fruits (another	perennial	1404.67		
	crop	-			
	Livestock: dairy, 282farm				
Condon Issue -	Poultry: 211 farms				
Gender Issues	Following is a description of the gender issues concerning the				
	communities in the impact area of the ACS:				
	In the farming activities, both men and women are involved in this				
	ASC division. However, women actively involved in land				
	preparation, seeding, planting, weeding, preparation for				
	marketing and they also involve in livestock management. In the				
	marketing and they also involve in investock management. In the				

	 farming activities, allocated payment of wages for female labour is less than the male labour. In the Farmer Organizations (FO) males dominate decision making process and give less opportunity for female participants even though, women are included in executive committees of farm organization as vice president, vice secretary etc. Women Farmer Organizations (WFO) also actively participate in each GN Divisions. However, WFOs have limited opportunities for agriculture related trainings, trainings on machinery and technology and mobilization programmes due to increasing responsibilities for women in their homes. Women farmers also faced difficulties for access the markets in proper time and they not have proper storage facilities. Cultural and religious barriers also affect the women's participation in rural agriculture sectors and FO activities. (Ex. Hindu, Muslim widows are not willing to actively be involved in Farmer Organizations). Women headed family's additional problems in farming activities due to not having land ownership which restricts then from accessing water facilities and fertilizer subsidies. They are also affected by poverty, malnutrition, and mental stress. Women farmers are faced with more difficulties having to travel for a long time for long distances from their houses to paddy fields and walk-through small pathway in the forest areas. They also do not have any safety measures to protect them from wild animals
	and any other dangers on route.
Social Capital	There are several community-based organizations. Among them are:
Community Based Organization	Rural Development Society (RDS): 15Fishermen families: (FCS) 178
On-going Development Projects	There are no development projects being implemented in the project area.
Frequenting	Farmers (Men and Women), GO and NGO staffs, Media persons, Village
Visitors	and Political leaders, University Students, etc.
Social Impacts Positive Impacts	 This subproject will benefit the local population of the area, especially for farming communities. The proposed activities will benefit farmers accessing services from the ACS. The ACS will have improved sanitation facilities leading to better hygienic conditions for those using the facilities. ASC will also make available drinking water for all people visiting the ACS.

	 ASC will also serve as a place for ACS staff and community to interact, to share knowledge and create awareness about project. Therefore, the ACS will enhance community participation and relationships between ASC staff and farmers.
	 Once the project is complete, benefits will start to flow almost immediately with the onset of rain and the long term through enhanced resilience.
	 The two communities interacting with each other, government officers and contractors in the process of jointly conducting social auditing, participating in irrigation water management, training and extension, business development and marketing will reap benefits in the form of valuing working together despite differences along with increased knowledge and awareness.
	Overall, the completed project will bring about poverty reduction, inclusive development and shared prosperity.
	 CSIAP staffs and community people share their knowledge and make awareness of this project through this Community participation also enhanced. Staff of ASC division and farmer's relationship will enhance.
Negative Impacts	 During office hours noise and dust from the construction work will disturb ACS officers and visiting farmers. Land for materials storage and machinery parking near the site is available which may cause some disturbances to the nearby community. A labor camp may be established and there could be impacts from labor influx - however, will be very minimum considering that only limited number of laborer's (appox 5) may come from outside.
	• There are no any sensitive areas (schools, preschools, hospitals, community centers, health centers) observed near to the construction site
Mitigation Measures	• The social issues in any infrastructure developments project are common and cannot be avoided. Also, it is important to note that the majority of social issues are emerged and aggravated due to absence necessary precautionary measures taken by the contractor.
	For example, contractor will be required to do water sprinkling to minimize impacts from dust and carry out noise generating work

during day time while ensuring noise pollution is kept to the minimum. Public access to the site to be prohibited or controlled via adequate fencing and signage in order to avoid risk to the public.

- The contractor will also be required to employ an environmental and social officer to address any issues that may crop up during project implementation. All contractors will be required to develop and implement a code of conduct for laborer, including procedures to establish and maintain a safe working environment. The staff and workers will be given an orientation on appropriate behaviors to ensure no disturbance to the community life and officers of the ASC. Adequate care and measures will be taken to avoid any violation of use of labor, accidents, or disputes with local communities and other risks associated with influx of non-local workers.
- Grievance redress mechanism will be established to allow ASC staff to raise any complaints and provide feedback regards construction activities.

2. Social Screening Checklist				
Screening/ assessment questions Project type	Yes	No	Impa cts low/ medi um/ majo r	Description
1. Will the subproject/ intervention include new physical construction work? (Attach a copy of technical design)		V		It is mainly rehabilitation work, not new physical construction work.
2. Does the subproject/ intervention include upgrading or rehabilitation of existing physical facilities? (Attach a copy of technical design)				Repair of ASC (Demolishers, concrete, framework, reinforcement, brickwork, water proofing, pavior, roofing, roof plumbing, ceiling, plastering, painting, door and windows, carpentry and joinery, electrical installation), construction of guard room, wash room construction, repair of sales center, construction of tube well.
Project site and land acquisition and Livelihoo 3. Is the site chosen for this work free from	d Related	Impacts		
encumbrances (Ex: squatters, crops, trees, houses, other structures walls etc)	V			
4. Is the site chosen for this work in possession of the implementing agency?	$\sqrt{}$			Department of Agrarian

		Department, Puttalam.
5. If the land is owned by other government agencies, has action been taken to transfer these lands to CSIAP managing entity? (Attach evidence of transfer)	V	Identified land belongs to the Department of Agrarian Department, Puttalam which is the implementing agency.
6. Does the sub project intervention require acquisition of private land?	√	
7. If the land parcel has to be acquired, is the actual plot size and ownership status known? (Mention the details)		Not Applicable
8. If the site is privately owned, can this land be purchased through negotiated settlement?		Not Applicable
9. If any land required for the work is privately owned, are these land owners willing to voluntarily donate the required land for the CSIAP rehabilitation / development? (if yes attach the concern letter)		Not Applicable
10. Will the affected land/ structure owners likely to lose less than 10% of their land of structures area?		Not Applicable
11. If so, are these land or structure owners willing to voluntarily donate the required land for this sub project?		Not Applicable
12. If the land owners are willing to donate the land, do they lose more than 10% of their land / structure in this location due to of donation?		Not Applicable
13. Are there any previous land acquisition where the identified land has already been acquired?		
14. Is the land for material mobilization vehicular movement, transport for the civil work available within the identified worksite or right way?		Land for the material mobilization vehicular movement and transport for the civil work are available. Near

		the construction site, there are no sensitive areas observed. Therefore, lack of parking space will not be serious issue in the subproject area.
Project impacts		
15. Is the project/ intervention likely to cause any permanent damage to or loss of housing, other assets, resources use?	√	
16.If yes, are these damages likely to be full or partial (Ex: entire structure having to be demolished versus part of the structures being damaged?)		Not Applicable
17. Will there be loss of / damage to agricultural lands, standing crops, trees due to acquisition of lands, construction of facilities etc?	√ 	
18. Will there be any permanent or temporary loss of income and livelihoods because of the civil works? If so for what period? Also, please specify whether it is likely to be temporary or permanent.	√	
19. Have these people/ businesses who may suffer temporary or permanent loss of incomes or livelihoods been surveyed and identified for payment of any financial assistance?		Not Applicable
20. Will there be any adverse impacts (inconvenience/ restriction of access, damage to properties) on the people/ communities due to construction related transport/ other activities etc?	√ 	But during working hours there will be some disturbances to staff i.e., from noise and dust.
21. Will there be any impacts on cultural, community properties or facilities?	V	
22. Will the project cause any other temporary or permanent impacts? Pls describe	V	
Livelihoods related impacts		
23. is there any loss of crops, assets, business etc.	√ -	

		T 1	
24. Are there any non-titled people (squatters)		$\sqrt{}$	
who are living/ or doing business who may be			
partially or fully affected because of the civil			
works?			
25. Have measures been planned to mitigate	V		Temporary
temporary impacts including ease of access?			impacts will be
Give details?			addressed/mitiga
Give details:			
			ted according to
			the SIMP.
Resettlement impacts			
26. Does this project involve resettlement of		$\sqrt{}$	
any person? if yes, give details			
27. Is there any physical displacement of		\checkmark	
persons due to project construction?			
28. Does this project cause any temporary		\checkmark	
relocation of people during construction?			
29. Is there any economic displacement		√	
(possibility to move out, close of business/			
commercial/ livelihood activities of persons)			
during construction?			
30. Will people permanently or temporarily lose		V	
access to facilities, services, or natural		,	
resources? e.g firewood collection and other			
rural livelihood sources linked to forests and			
government land			
	V		Vulnerable
31. Are there any vulnerable people/ groups	V		
(poorest/ women headed households/ elderly			people/groups
families, single parents, families with disable			will not be
persons) living in the proposed locations or			negatively
affected / benefitted by the project			affected due to the
intervention? (give the number)			civil works. They
(0)			will be benefited
			directly or
			indirectly. The
			details are below:
			Women Headed
			Families - 918
			Physically
			challenged
			farmers/ disable
			farmers/ special
			needs person -123

			Samurdhi beneficiaries/Far mers living below poverty line-2156
32. Are there any indigenous people living in the proposed locations or affected/ benefitted		√ 	
by the project intervention? (give the number)			
Impacts from labor influx			
33. Will the project potentially involve an influx of workers to the project location?	$\sqrt{}$		
34. Will the influx be considered significant for the local community?	V		
35. How many workers will be needed for the sub project, with what skill set, and for what period?			Approximately 05 skilled workers for 3-4 months
36. Can the project hire workers from the local workforce? And what is the size and skill level of the existing local workforce?			
37. If the skill level of the local workforce does not match the needs of the project, can they be trained within a reasonable timeframe to meet project requirements?	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		Workforce is available at the local community and contractor will bring his workforce if needed.
38. Will there be workers brought in from outside?	$\sqrt{}$		
39.How will the workers be accommodated? Will they commute or reside on site? If so, what size of camp will be required?		√	They will find a house for rent.
40. Based on the socio-economic, cultural, religious and demographic qualities of the local community and the incoming workers, is there a possibility that their presence or interaction with the local community could create adverse impacts?		√	Hence, majority of the incoming workers would be from similar socio-economic, cultural, religious or demographic background.
41. Will the incoming workers use or create competition for these resources?		√	

42. What is the expected duration of the incoming workers' presence in the community? Or frequency and extent of contact between the local community and outsiders?			Approximately 3-4 months.
43. Will the incoming workers be from a similar socio economic, cultural, religious or demographic background?	√		Most Probably similar.
44. Given the characteristics of the local community, are there any adverse impacts that may be anticipated? Mention the size of the local population.			The local community is Sinhala speaking and majority of them are Buddhist. So same language speaker will be preferable for minimized unwanted social issues.
45.Is the project located in a rural or remote area?	1		The identified project site is located in a rural area.
46.Is the project located / being carried out in an area that is not usually frequented by outsiders?	√		
47.Are there sensitive social conditions that need to be considered?		√	
Community participation			
48. Has the project received community consent and support?	√		
49. Are there any CBOs or other that exist in the selected locations?	√		
50. Will the project mobilize these CBOs for GRM/ Social Audit/ etc activities?	V		Grievance Redressal Committee will be established to address/resolve issues.
51. If CBOs are involved, do these organizations have prior experiences in GRM/ Social Audit/ etc practices?		V	The project has to be trained the people.

52. Do the CBOs identified for the CSIAP			
activities transparent and accountable and free	v		
from any form of corruption/ abuse?			
53. Will the project expect any counterpart	√		Community can
contribution from the beneficiary households?	, v		support with
(if yes, what is the expected contribution)			Shramadana
(if yes, what is the expected contribution)			activities, 5
			persons from each
			FO can contribute
			two hours per day
			Shramadana
			activities. (e.g.,
			unskilled
			voluntary work).
Gender Based Violence			
54. Is the subproject in an area of the district			
with a humanitarian or emergency situation?			
55. Undertaken consultations with women's			At the ASC
groups?			Division,
			undertaken a
			community
			consultant
			meeting, men and
			women farmers
	1		were participated.
	√		Also,
			Discussions
			conducted with ASC staffs and
			women Development
			officer of the
			Nawagasthegama
			DS Division.
56. Issues related to GBV and GBV-related		√	Gender based
concerns about the project have arisen in the			issues not
community engagement discussions?			identified during
			the community
			consultant

			meeting and discussion.
57.Are military or paid security forces being contracted as part of the project? (Having military or paid security forces contracted as part of a project can increase the risk of GBV.)		V	Contract with registered Contractors.
58.Is the project district in lowest poverty quartile of country? (Regions in the lowest poverty quartile of a country may be underserved and the most vulnerable to neglect)	V		
59. Is the subproject in hard-to-supervise areas? (Lower risk is easily accessed project areas. Higher risk is hard-to-supervise areas)		1	Risk free area and easily accessible area.
60.Is the subproject construction near school route or other pedestrian access that women and girls use for their daily activities?		V	
61. Will the subproject be able to monitor implementation across the full span (both in terms of geographic spread and duration) of the work	1		
62. Will female workers be in close proximity to male workers with limited supervision?	V		In the ASC modernization civil work male and female farmers would like to involve in "Shramadana" work and no any issues in working together with male workers under the limited supervision. WFO and WRDS members also can contribute one day for

		"Shramadana "work.

3. Estimate of Specific Impacts and Information on Affected Persons

Estimates of specific impacts	Number/ Amount/ Ha
- Private land required (Sq. m)	0
- Total number of households affected	0
- Number of individuals losing more than 10% of land area	0
- Government land required	Yes (and available)
- Number of shops affected	0
- Number of utilities affected	0
- Number of workers to be brought from outsides	05 skilled laborer are
	needed. (Approximate
	number)

4. Decision on Categorization

Decision on Categorization, after reviewing the sub project will have:	e answers above, it is determined that the
High/ substantial impacts	
Moderate impacts	
Low/ no impacts	V

5. Impact Categorization

Conclusion and Screening Decision (to be filled by the PMU)

Social impacts of the proposed sub project

• No Impacts: there is no land acquisition because these are permit lands and no loss of livelihoods if the works are completed during the dry/off season, Social Screening Report (SSR), Social Impact Management Plan (SIMP) [required if civil works involved] ...√.....

- Minor Impacts: Less than 200 individuals affected; no physical displacement; & affected persons lose less than 10% of their productive assets, SSR, Abbreviated Resettlement Action Policy (ARAP), SIMP......Temporary impacts only. SSR with SMP submitted.....
- Significant Impacts: More than 200 individuals affected; cause physical displacement; affected persons lose more than 10% of productive assets, SSR, SIA, census survey, RAP with R&R assistance & income restoration measures......

6. Submission of the Social Screening Report

Screening	Report	Su	bmitted	By:

Social Safeguard Officer DPD Office - Northwestern Province/ CSIAP Date: 11. 12. 2019

B.M. Senaraunne Social Safeguard Officer North Western Provincial Office Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Projecheal:

Signature

Gender Development Officer DPD Office - Northwestern Province/ CSIAP

Date: 11. 12. 2019

C.W. Abeywardena Gender Development Officer North Western Provincial Office Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project

Screening Report Reviewed By:

Signature

Ms. Sharmila Shanmuganathan

Social Safeguard and Gender Development Officer Project Management Unit/ **CSIAP**

Date: 15. 12. 2019

Ms. Sharmila Shanmuganathan Social Safeguard & Gender Development Officer Project Management Unit Climate Smart Irrigated Agriculture Project Ministry of Agriculture

Approved By

Eng. N. Sivalingam

Project Director CSIAP

The clearance is given by the Mr. Shanek Fernando Social Development Specialist – World Bank for the Social Screening Report of the Nawagasthegama Agrarian Service Center on $03^{\rm rd}$ of January, 2020.

7. Social Management Plan for ASC Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work)

Socia	al Impact Mitigation Plan for the ASC modernization and Di	gitalization (Civil	Work) Subproj	ect
Issues/ Impacts	Mitigation Measures	Institutional R	Responsibility	Mitigation
and risks		Implementatio	Supervision/	Cost
		n	Monitoring	
General (for all types of risks, issues and disturbances)	 A GRM will be established to receive and resolve complaints/grievances related to disturbances caused by construction including GBV related issues. Awareness will be created on the GRM among community and ACS staff and will publicly display the contact details to report grievances. Awareness will be created among community on risks/issues including GBV issues due to labour influx arising from construction activities and safety/mitigation measures that will be in place. 	Social/Enviro nment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	PMU	Included in sub project's safeguards budget.
Disturbances due to heavy machinery movement & temporary use of land for material storage and parking.	 An officer will be appointed to implement & monitor social/environment safeguards mitigations measures during construction. Community and ACS staff will be informed of construction activities/schedule, and mitigation measures that will be in place. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.

	Consultation with ACS staff and community will be conducted to identify land for material storage, camp setup, equipment parking and routes to transport material that cause minimum disturbances to community & ACS activities. If there are damages caused to local roads and other utilities during construction, contractor shall attend to the repairs/rectification of the damages.			
Construction related disturbances from noise & dust etc.	 Dust barriers will be installed surrounding the construction. Water sprinkling will be done to minimize impacts from dust. Dust masks to be provided to all laborers for the use at required times. The construction will be carried out in a manner to minimize noise pollution. The construction works with heavy sound should will be timed to avoid office working time period. 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.
Labour Influx related issues (e.g. GBV)	 Local labour will be hired where possible – Contractor will give priority to women when hiring. Worker Code of Conduct will be included as part of the employment contract - this should define 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.

	 workers' commitment in attitudes and behaviour to preventing, combating and responding GBV. Contractors will implement robust measures to prevent sexual harassment/GBV including training of workforce and sanctions for non-compliance (e.g. termination). 			
Public/ occupational safety Hazards, and on impacts on environment.	 Public access to the site will be prohibited or controlled via adequate fencing and signage in order to avoid risk to the public. Contractors shall take precautions to minimize mosquito breeding, where the pit fills with water. Environment Management Plan will provide more 	Contractor	Social/Envir onment safeguard officer – ACS/CSIAP	Included in construction cost.
	details regards measures to prevent/mitigate impacts to the environment including pollution, deforestation, soil erosion and management of solid waste.			

8. Activity Plan for ASC Modernization and Digitalization (Civil Work)

S	Activities	20	019	00	ct	20	19	20)19	De	ec	20	20		20	020)	20)20	
N						No	ov					Jan		an		Feb		M	Iar	
1	IEC Campaign																			
2	Selection of ASC																			
	Preparation of the																			
	subproject proposal																			
	Preparation of technical																			
	designs and estimate																			
3	Data Collection for																			
	Screening																			
4	Writing the Screening																			
	Check list																			
5	Write the SSR																			
6	Submit to PD																			
7	Get the clearance from																			
	the WB																			
8	Tender calling																			
	procedure																			
9	Civil work commences																			
10	Supervision and																			
	Monitoring																			

development, formation	
of groups under CSIAP	
12 Completion of	
construction works	
13 Handover civil works	

Annex: 01 Attendance Sheets of the participants during the meetings and discussions

Annex: 02 Public/ Community Consultation and Disclosure

Public / Community consultation conducted Location/ Venue	Consultation method	Date	Number of participants (Male, Female)	Details/Issues raised
Nawagathegama /Siman nawagathegama memorial hall	Meeting	2019.09.14	F - 08 M -59	People said that it is difficult to get services from ASC due to lack of resources. Also, they complained that they are not receiving the agricultural inputs on time.

Annex: 03 Pictures during the meetings, discussions and field visits



